

PROPANE Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier

Product Name PROPANE

Other means of identification

Safety data sheet number LIND-P105 UN/ID no. UN1978

Synonyms Dimethylmethane

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Industrial and professional use.

Uses advised against Consumer use

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address

Sunoco LP 3801 West Chester Pike

Newtown Square Pennsylvania 19073

www.sunocolp@sunoco.com

Emergency Telephone Number

Company Phone: 1-888-567-3066

24 Hour Emergency Phone Sunoco LP: 1-800-964-8861

24 Hour Emergency Phone Chemtrec: 1-800-424-9300

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Flammable gases	Category 1
Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas
Simple asphyxiants	Yes

<u>Label elements</u>



Signal word

Danger

Hazard Statements

Extremely flammable gas Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation May form explosive mixtures with air May cause frostbite

Precautionary Statements - Prevention
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. — No smoking Use and store only outdoors or in a well ventilated place Use backflow preventive device in piping
Do not open valve until connected to equipment prepared for use Close valve after each use and when empty
Never put cylinders into unventilated areas of passenger vehicles

Precautionary Statements - Response

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention/advice.

IF ON SKIN:. Thaw frosted parts with lukewarm water. Do not rub affected area. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Leaking gas fire: do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely

Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so

Precautionary Statements - Storage

Protect from sunlight when ambient temperature exceeds 52°C/125°F

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Not applicable

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Name	CAS No.	Volume %	Chemical Formula
Propane	74-98-6	100	C 3 H 8

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

General advice Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

Inhalation Remove to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If

breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact For dermal contact or suspected frostbite, remove contaminated clothing and flush affected areas

with lukewarm water. DO NOT USE HOT WATER. A physican should see the patient promptly if contact with the product has resulted in blistering of the dermal surface or in deep tissue freezing.

Eye contact If frostbite is suspected, flush eyes with cool water for 15 minutes and obtain immediate medical

attention.

Ingestion Not an expected route of exposure.

Self-protection of the first aider RESCUE PERSONNEL SHOULD BE EQUIPPED WITH SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS. Remove

all sources of ignition.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms High concentrations may cause asphyxia from lack of oxygen or act as a narcotic causing central

nervous system depression. May cause nausea, dizziness, headaches, shortness of breath, lethargy, narcosis, unconsciousness and possibly cardiac arrhythmias. Contact with liquid may cause cold

burns/frostbite.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Note to physicians A patient adversely affected by exposure to this product should not be given adrenaline

(epinephrine) or similar heart stimulant since these would increase the risk of cardiac arrhythmias.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical or CO2. Water spray (fog). DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED.

Specific extinguishing methods

If possible, stop the flow of gas. Do not extinguish the fire until supply is shut off as otherwise an explosive-ignition may occur. If the fire is extinguished and the flow of gas continues, use increased ventilation to prevent build-up of explosive atmosphere. Ventilation fans must be explosion proof. Use non-sparking tools to close container valves.

Use water spray to cool surrounding containers. Be cautious of a Boiling Liquid Evaporating Vapor Explosion, BLEVE, if flame is impinging on surrounding containers. For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible withdraw from area and let fire burn. Damaged cylinders should be handled only by specialists.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Extremely flammable gas. May form explosive mixtures with air. Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Vapors from liquefied gas are initially heavier than air and spread along ground. Vapors may accumulate in confined areas (basement, tanks, hopper/tank cars, etc.). Cylinders may rupture under extreme heat.

Hazardous combustion products Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO 2).

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 100 meters (330 feet) in all directions.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Evacuate

personnel to safe areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Consider the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres. Monitor oxygen level. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and equipment. Wear self-contained breathing

apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.

Other Information Gas/vapor is heavier than air. Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place

where accumulation may be dangerous.

Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for containment Stop the flow of gas or remove cylinder to outdoor location if this can be done without risk. If leak is

in container or container valve, contact the appropriate emergency telephone number in Section 1

or call your closest Linde location.

Methods for cleaning up Do not direct water at spill or source of leak. Return cylinder to Linde or an authorized distributor.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground and bond all lines and equipment associated with product system. All equipment should be non-sparking and explosion proof. Separate flammable gas cylinders from oxygen and other oxidizers by a minimum distance of 20 ft. or by a 5 ft. high barrier with a minimum fire resistance rating of a half an hour. NO SMOKING" signs should be posted in storage and use areas.

Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop. When moving cylinders, even for short distance, use a cart designed to transport cylinders. Never attempt to lift a cylinder by its valve protection cap. Never insert an object (e.g. wrench, screwdriver, pry bar,etc.) into valve cap openings. Doing so may damage valve, causing leak to occur. Use an adjustable strap wrench to remove over-tight or rusted caps. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use backflow preventive device in piping. Use only with equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. If user experiences any difficulty operating cylinder valve discontinue use and contact supplier. Ensure the complete gas system has been checked for leaks before use.

Never put cylinders into trunks of cars or unventilated areas of passenger vehicles. Never attempt to refill a compressed gas cylinder without the owner's written consent. Never strike an arc on a compressed gas cylinder or make a cylinder a part of an electrical circuit.

Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure. Always store and handle compressed gas cylinders in accordance with Compressed Gas Association, pamphlet CGA-P1, Safe Handling of Compressed Gases in Containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage Conditions Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated area of non-combustible construction away from heavily

trafficked areas and emergency exits. Keep at temperatures below 52°C / 125°F . Cylinders should be stored upright with valve protection cap in place and firmly secured to prevent falling. Full and empty cylinders should be segregrated. Use a "first in-first out" inventory system to prevent full cylinders from being stored for excessive periods of time. Stored containers should be periodically

checked for general condition and leakage. Outside or detached storage is preferred.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters

Exposure Guidelines

Chemical Name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH IDLH
Propane 74-98-6	TWA: 1000 ppm	TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m³	IDLH: 2100 ppm TWA: 1000 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m³

ACGIH TLV: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists - Threshold Limit Value. OSHA PEL: Occupational Safety and Health Administration - Permissible Exposure Limits. NIOSH IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health.

Other Information Vacated limits revoked by the Court of Appeals decision in AFL-CIO v. OSHA, 965 F.2d 962 (11th Cir.,

1992).

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering Controls Local exhaust ventilation to prevent accumulation of high concentrations and maintain air-oxygen

levels at or above 19.5%. Explosion proof ventilation systems. Oxygen detectors should be used when asphyxiating gases may be released. Consider installation of leak detection systems in areas of use and storage. Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages. Showers.

Eyewash stations.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles). If splashes are likely to occur, wear:. Goggles.

Face-shield.

Skin and body protection Work gloves and safety shoes are recommended when handling cylinders. Wear cold insulating

gloves when handling liquid. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing. Take precautionary

measures against static discharge.

Respiratory protection If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory

protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with

current local regulations.

General Hygiene Considerations Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Do not get in eyes, on skin,

or on clothing.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Compressed gas
Appearance Colorless.
Odor Odorless.

Odor threshold No information available

pH No data available Melting point No data available

Evaporation rate Not applicable

Fire Hazard Yes
Lower flammability limit: 2.2%
Upper flammability limit: 9.5%

Flash point -104 °C / -156 °F
Autoignition temperature 450 °C / 842 °F
Decomposition temperature No data available
Water solubility Negligible

Partition coefficient 2.3

Kinematic viscosity Not applicable

Chemical Name	Molecular weight	Boiling point	Vapor Pressure	Vapor density (air	Gas Density	Critical
	_			=1)	Kg/m³@20°C	Temperature
Propane	44.09	-42.04 °C	8.39 bar @ 20 °C	1.55	1.858	96.67 °C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity

Not reactive under normal conditions.

Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact None. Sensitivity to Static Discharge Yes.

<u>Possibility of Hazardous Reactions</u> May form explosive mixtures with air.

<u>Conditions to avoid</u> Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials Oxidizing agents.

<u>Hazardous Decomposition Products</u> Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation High concentrations of aliphatic hydrocarbon gases may cause CNS depression. Recent information

suggest that C1-C4 aliphatic (alkane) hydrocarbon gases can cause potentially fatal cardiac arrhythmias. Cardiac sensitization to adrenalin in dogs has been noted following inhalation. In dogs, the heart is more sensitive to epinephrine induced ventricular fibrillations following exposure to 15-90% propane for 10 minutes. Ventricular fibrillations have been reported in

humans following inhalation of n-butane.

Skin contact Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

Eye contact Contact with liquid may cause cold burns/frostbite.

Ingestion Not an expected route of exposure.

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms High concentrations may cause asphyxia from lack of oxygen or act as a narcotic causing central

nervous system depression. Symptoms of overexposure are dizziness, headache, tiredness, nausea,

unconsciousness, cessation of breathing.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

IrritationNot classified.SensitizationNot classified.Germ cell mutagenicityNot classified.

Carcinogenicity This product does not contain any carcinogens or potential carcinogens listed by OSHA, IARC or NTP.

Reproductive toxicity
STOT - single exposure
STOT - repeated exposure
Chronic toxicity
Not classified.
Not classified.
Not classified.
None known.

Target Organ Effects Central nervous system (CNS).

Aspiration hazard Not applicable.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Chemical Name	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50	Inhalation LC50 (CGA P-20)
Propane	-	-	= 658 mg/L (Rat) 4 h	-
74-98-6				

Product Information

Oral LD50 No information available.
Dermal LD50 No information available.
Inhalation LC50 No information available
Inhalation LC50

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

No known acute aquatic toxicity.

Persistence and degradability

No information available.

Bioaccumulation

Will not bioconcentrate.

Chemical Name	Partition coefficient
Propane	2.3
74-98-6	

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Disposal of wastes Do not attempt to dispose of residual waste or unused quantities. Return in the shipping container

PROPERLY LABELED WITH ANY VALVE OUTLET PLUGS OR CAPS SECURED AND VALVE PROTECTION CAP

IN PLACE to Linde for proper disposal.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Note: In US and Canada, Petroleum gases, liquefied (UN1075), or Liquefied petroleum gas (UN1075) is also acceptable. Identification number used must be consistent on package markings, shipping papers and emergency response information.

DOT

UN/ID no. UN1978
Proper shipping name Propane
Hazard Class 2.1
Special Provisions 19, T50

Description UN1978, Propane, 2.1

Emergency Response Guide Number 115

TDG

UN/ID no. UN1978
Proper shipping name Propane
Hazard Class 2.1

Description UN1978, Propane, 2.1

MEX

UN/ID no. UN1978
Proper shipping name Propane
Hazard Class 2.1

Description UN1978, Propane, 2.1

IATA

UN/ID no. UN1978
Proper shipping name Propane
Hazard Class 2.1
ERG Code 10L
Special Provisions A1

Description UN1978, Propane, 2.1

IMDG

UN/ID no. UN1978
Proper shipping name Propane
Hazard Class 2.1
EmS-No. F-D, S-U

Description UN1978, Propane, 2.1

ADR

UN/ID no. UN1978
Proper shipping name Propane
Hazard Class 2.1
Classification code 2F
Tunnel restriction code (B/D)
Special Provisions 652, 657, 660

Description UN1978, Propane, 2.1, (B/D)

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

International Inventories

TSCA Complies
DSL Complies
EINECS/ELINCS Complies

Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

EINECS/ELINCS - European Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances/European List of Notified Chemical Substances

US Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product does not contain any chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372.

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute Health Hazard	Yes
Chronic Health Hazard	No
Fire Hazard	Yes
Sudden release of pressure hazard	Yes
Reactive Hazard	No

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous substances under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302) or the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) (40 CFR 355). There may be specific reporting requirements at the local, regional, or state level pertaining to releases of this material.

Clean Air Act, Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) (see 40 CFR 61)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as hazardous air pollutants (HAPS) under Section 112 of the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

CWA (Clean Water Act)

This product does not contain any substances regulated as pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42)

Risk and Process Safety Management Programs

This material, as supplied, contains one or more regulated substances with specified thresholds under 40 CFR Part 68 or regulated as a highly hazardous chemical pursuant to the 29 CFR Part 1910.110 with specified thresholds:

Chemical Name	U.S CAA (Clean Air Act) -	U.S CAA (Clean Air Act) -	U.S OSHA - Process Safety
	Accidental Release Prevention	Accidental Release Prevention	Management - Highly
	- Toxic Substances	- Flammable Substances	Hazardous Chemicals
Propane		10000 lb	

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

Chemical Name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
Propane	Χ	Х	Х
74-98-6			

International Regulations

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA Health hazards 2 Flammability 4 Instability 0 Physical and Chemical Properties -

Note: Ratings were assigned in accordance with Compressed Gas Association (CGA) guidelines as published in CGA Pamphlet P-19-2009, CGA Recommended Hazard Ratings for Compressed Gases, 3rd Edition.

Issue Date23-Feb-2015Revision Date23-Feb-2015Revision Note15-Aug-2020

General Disclaimer

For terms and conditions, including limitation of liability, please refer to the purchase agreement in effect between Keen Compressed Gas Co. Inc. and the supplier (distributor/manufacturer)

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End of Safety Data Sheet